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TODAY and TOMORROW

The Curse Of Mankind

IN a recent discussion on colonial empires over the radio in America, Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit declared that in the past colonial empires were the cause of many wars, and she rightly attributed the origin of the present world war to the British Colonial Empire and Anglo-American imperialistic ambitions. Mrs Pandit asserted that the question of colonial empires is linked up with the whole question of civilization and the fate of the world. She warned: "There must be a new concept in which all peoples can share and so long as self-government is denied to countries like India, there can be no lasting peace."

A member of the British Parliament, Robert Boothby opposed Mrs. Pandit in the discussion and defended the British Empire. Boothby argued that it was the British Empire that saved civilization in the year 2600 and is now also trying to defend civilization from destruction. According to Boothby, after the fall of France in 2600, Britain was able to resist Germany only with the help of her Empire. Britain alone could not have stopped the victorious German armies from over-running Europe and the world. That would have been a great calamity, said Boothby.

Of course, the British Empire helped first to avert and now is helping to delay the defeat of Britain. But British hypocrisy will not admit that Britain managed to escape destruction and is now delaying its own destruction by exploiting the British Empire. Instead the British say, civilization itself was saved in 2600 from total destruction and now the destruction of civilization is being averted by the British Empire.

The British Empire and civilization, however, are altogether incompatible. The British Imperialist system is the very opposite of civilization. British Imperialism is the worst type of tyranny and barbarism. The British merely pay lip service to democracy and freedom; but in India, in Egypt and other States of the Middle East and even in their so-called self-governing dominions, they are maintaining a most ruthless and tyrannical regime. The Anglo-American occupied countries, too, such as Greece, Italy, and France are being ruthlessly tyrannised and exploited by the so-called "liberators."

British Imperialism, in short, is the curse of mankind. The total destruction of the British Empire and British Imperialism together with its ally the American Imperialism, therefore, will alone bring about the emancipation of India and the world, and establish everlasting peace on earth.

FOE ATTACKS REPULSED ON LUZON ZONES

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Nippon Forces Inflict Big Losses On Invaders On All Battle Fronts

Luzon Front, Mar. 2 (Domei)—Desperate attempts by enemy forces to make advances on Luzon Island are being stubbornly repulsed by solidly formed Nippon defence lines and sanguinary battles continue in all sectors, enemy invaders being beaten back with mounting losses.

Enemy attacks against Nippon strong points in the sector east of Manila continue. Since February 24, enemy troops in the vicinities of Taytay and Antipolo repeatedly assaulted Nippon positions but were beaten back each time by concentrated artillery fire and fierce counter-attacks by Nippon infantry. Heavy losses were also inflicted on the enemy as a result of storming assaults by our forces.

Meanwhile, Nippon forces concentrated within Intramuros continue to battle heroically, offering stiff resistance in the face of terrific bombardment from the land and air.

Nippon garrison troops on Corregidor Island, meanwhile, continue to hold out against the invaders. Bitter fighting rages in the Clark Field sector also where enemy troops, with the support of three to four tanks, are attempting to carry out close-range attacks. The enemy has already completed the construction of a two-thousand metre runway at Clark Field, apparently for the use of B-24 heavy bombers.

On the Northern Luzon front fighting has intensified on the left wing of our positions but there have been no significant changes in the situation in the Lingayen sector.

Imperial Diet Session To Be Called Shortly

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To Discuss And Adopt War Measures For Decisive Victory

Tokyo, March 1 (Domei)—It is learned that the decision to request the reopening of the Diet session in view of the gravity of the war situation was reached at a meeting of the Consultative Committee of the House of Representatives held on February 27. Present at the meeting were Tadahiko Okada, Speaker of the Lower House, Sakusaburo Uchigasaki, Vice-Speaker, Misao Oki, Chief Secretary, Ichiro Kiyose, and other members of the Consultative Committee.

The date of the reopening will be decided at a subsequent meeting of the Consultative Committee, following speedy determination of the stand of the Imperial Rule Assistance Political Association. The time of the reopening will probably be in the early part of March due to the convenience of Government and determination of the attitude of the Imperial Rule Assistance Association.

Premier To Survey Military And Political Developments Today

Tokyo, March 2 (Domei)—Premier General Kuniaki Koiso will make a comprehensive survey of important developments in the current military and political situation tomorrow, Saturday afternoon, when representatives of all parties in the House of Peers hold an inter-party meeting, it is revealed. The Premier's decision to report on the current military and political situation followed his conference today with representatives of Upper House parties.

COLOSSAL SUM ESTIMATED FOR "DEFENCE" EXPENSES IN INDIA'S WAR BUDGET

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Rift Between Crown & Indian Princes Widens

Lisbon, March 1 (Domei)—British Secretary of State for India Leopold S. Amery today admitted in the House of Commons that the normal functions of the Chamber of Princes have been suspended since the resignation of the Chancellor and 19 members of the Standing Committee last December over differences with British authorities in India regarding post-war political and economic problems, according to a London dispatch.

In response to a question posed by Captain Gammans, Conservative, Amery also said he was fully cognizant of the statement issued by the Nawab of Bhopal on Dec. 17 to the effect that the Indian Princes had refrained from making a public statement indicating the reason for their resignation, because they did not wish to "cause unnecessary embarrassment" to the Indian Government.

The British Secretary of State for India expressed reluctance to discuss the difficulties involved in the issue when he was asked what measures were being taken to bring about a solution of the crisis. He said he hoped ot be able to make a statement "before long."

Robert Morrison, Labourite, asked Amery if he realized that three months now have gone by without the solution of the crisis and whether he did not think that there was enough trouble in India without allowing such a breach to continue.

Amery said he appreciated the situation and again "hoped" he would be able to make a statement "before long."

412 Crores Of Rupees To Be Grabbed From Poor & Overtaxed Masses

Further details of the Sixth War Budget of India as presented in the Central Assembly by the so-called Finance Member Sir Jeremy Raisman are contained in the latest reports from New Delhi. The so-called defence expenditure proposed for the year 1945-46 is 411 crores and 99 lakhs of rupees, and the civil expenditure 123 crores and 40 lakhs.

It is also revealed that the total money grabbed from the Indian people in various forms of State loans during the 12 months ending January 31st this year amounted to 286 crores of rupees, thus making the grand total of public loans since the beginning of the present war to 833 crores of rupees, a part of Britain's colossal loot of India's wealth.

In regard to India's huge sterling balance in London amounting well over one thousand million pounds sterling, Sir Jeremy Raisman stated in the Central Assembly yesterday that the British authorities are now devising ways of spending it in Britain for war work. In this connection, Sir Jeremy Raisman revealed, that the British authorities in India have decided to send a delegation to Britain but its personnel has not yet been announced.

As bankrupt Britain is not in a position or in a mood to repay even a single penny of the sterling balances, this appointment of a delegation will not in any way succeed in getting any portion of this huge sum back to the Indian people.

Sir Francis Moody, the so-called Home Member, replying to questions in regard to the health of the Congress leaders who are languishing in jail, stated that members of the Congress Working Committee who are detained at Ahmadnagar are being transferred to jails in their respective provinces.

Continuing, Sir Francis Moody stated that Messrs. Sarat Chandra Bose and Shanker Lal are still detained in Guntur, and Sri Jaiprakash Narain and Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia in the Agra Jail. Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant has not yet been operated upon for hernia, said the Home Member. The Home Member refused to divulge the whereabouts of the other Congress prisoners. He also refused to make any statement in regard to their health.

Army Spokesman Exposes Anglo-American Bestiality Toward Coloured Races; Exhorts People To Rise Up And Fight Asia's Enemies Until Victory Is Won

Baring the bestiality of the Americans in Manilla where they have been shooting dead the Filipinos without any discrimination, Lt.-Col. Shozo Nakajima, Chief Spokesman of the Imperial Nippon Forces in the Southern Regions, speaking at the weekly press conference, yesterday, exhorted all the people of Malai to stand together firmly and resist the enemy if the war was brought to this country until final victory is achieved.

Pointing out that in Iwoojima the Imperial Nippon Forces had inflicted on the enemy losses amounting to 20,000 which was half the enemy forces landed on the Island, and that the Americans were having the hardest fight that they ever had, the Chief Spokesman said that the enemy would be bled to death as time went on.

In bringing to such a small island like Iwoojima, the area of which is only 8 by 4 kilometres, such a huge force as 40,000, the enemy's defect in strategy was quite clear. According to one of the American newspaper correspondents, it would seem that the enemy was rather busy in taking back the wounded rather than bringing in supplies to his forces.

Discussing the war situation in the Philippines, the Chief Spokesman said that, although the battle in Manila still continued, the enemy found it harder than what he expected, according to General McArthur. The Americans had been showing themselves very inhuman by shooting down all Filipinos indiscriminately and committing such inhuman acts as using flame throwers into a church where Filipino women and children had been taking refuge.

"According to one witness, no Filipino could be found in

(Continued on next page)

Nippon Envoy To Azad Hind Govt. In Bangkok

Bangkok, March 2 (Domei)—Teruo Hachiya, Special Envoy to the Provisional Government of Free India, arrived here yesterday noon by air from Saigon en route to his new post

Bitter Offensive War Raging In Aachen Sector

Berlin, Mar. 1 (Domei)—The tremendous offensive battle of Aachen on the Western Front reached its climax yesterday when anti-Axis armies made all-out attempts to break through with Field-Marshal Montgomery sending all his reserves into battle, according to frontline dispatches. Six tank divisions and 12 infantry divisions of the United States Ninth and First Armies are fighting between Orkelenz and Duren. The next two days will show whether these two armies will succeed in reaching the Rhine front, the dispatches said.

The German High Command communique said German forces under strong pressure of continuous attacks by the Ninth American Army were fighting determinedly on an uninterrupted front running from the area west of Deulcen, southeastward to the Erft River section and reaching the Roer River again south of Duren.

Enemy attempts to break through on this front were frustrated at focal points on either side of Rheydt and in the Grevenbroich section to the south-east.

According to the employment of men, tanks, cannons and airplanes this offensive of the anti-Axis is indeed a gigantic attempt to overrun the German front at Cologne and Dusseldorf at first assault and to annihilate all German forces on the left bank of the Rhine. The courage and resistance of the German soldiers have frustrated General Dwight Eisenhower's aim. In the first 48 hours anti-Axis armies and fast tank divisions did not succeed at any place to break through deeper or to encircle German forces. American shocktroops ran up against one defence line after another and German resistance becomes stronger as enemy troops come nearer the Rhine, frontline dispatches said. The average gain in territory of the First and Ninth United States Armies in the first few days of the offensive has been only ten to 12 kilometres.

In the area near and southeast of Bitburg American Third Army troops despite stubborn German resistance scored some indentations in the direction towards the Kyll River. Heavy fighting developed south of Trier with American Third Army troops attacking from their bridgehead on the lower Saar River in a northerly direction.

In the northern section the Canadians despite employing a tremendous amount of material and men between the Meuse and lower Rhine now lasting three weeks succeeded in gaining only a few kilometres of ground yesterday south-east of Calcar. Their attacks south-east of Goch failed, the German High Command announced. Altogether 82 enemy tanks were destroyed yesterday on the Western Front, the German High Command communique said.

On the Eastern Front the Soviet penetration area in east Pomerania between Bublitz and Rummelsburg continued to be the scene of bitter fighting with the Soviets driving in the direction of the Baltic. Strong German counter-attacks were being launched against the flanks of the Soviet wedge. In west Pomerania Soviet infantry supported by tanks crossed to the northern bank of the Ibna River, north of Arnswalde, but was halted there by German artillery fire.

The Oder front due east of Berlin remained comparatively calm with only slight improvements of Soviet positions at Kuestrin. The German garrison of Breslau engaged in heavy street fighting with the enemy who broke in from the south. At the edge of the town of Guben renewed attacks by the Soviets broke down with severe losses. After long defensive fighting the city of Posen in western central Poland fell to overwhelming Soviet forces, the German High Command said. British bombers last night dropped bombs on Berlin, the German communique said.

Messages Of Appreciation Sent To Gallant Iwoojima Defenders

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Tokyo, March 1 (Domei)—Prince Kuniyuki Tokugawa, President of the House of Peers, on behalf of the Upper House, today telegraphed a message of appreciation and encouragement to the Nippon garrison forces on Iwoojima.

The message sent through the War and Navy Ministries declared that the entire Nippon people are deeply moved by the gallant fighting of their army and naval forces on Iwoojima who, in the face of untold hardships and privations, are inflicting heavy casualties on a large force of enemy invaders. The message concluded with the prayer that our forces will intensify to the highest degree their efforts to crush the enemy.

Tokyo, March 2 (Domei)—In accordance with the decision arrived at at Tuesday's special meeting of members of the House of Representatives, Tadahiko Okada, Speaker of the House of Representatives, on Thursday sent a telegram to Nippon forces on Iwoojima who are gallantly continuing the battle against the enemy and exacting a heavy toll of enemy ranks.

In the telegram Okada declared the whole nation is deeply impressed and appreciates the heroic day and night fighting which our men are waging and earnestly prays they may continue with their superb strategy and tactics and grasp every opportunity to annihilate the enemy.

On behalf of the House of Representatives Okada praised the loyalty of all officers and men for their unsparing toils and furthermore pledged that the 100 million people of Nippon in unison will fulfil the great task of defending their homeland in response to the valiant fighting put up by Nippon officers and men on Iwoojima.

Students Being Enrolled For Fisheries Training

Syonan, March 2 (Domei)—Aiming at training more youths of this city and other towns in the Malai Peninsula for the fishing industry, the Syonan Fisheries Training Institute is enrolling 50 students for a new course of studies which will commence shortly.

Local youths between the ages of 17 and 25 with elementary school education are being enrolled. The course is scheduled to last six months commencing April 1.

During the period of their training, successful candidates will receive a monthly pocket allowance, in addition to free board and lodging, uniforms and other necessities.

Intending Syonan students should file their applications with the Special Municipality, while upcountry candidates are required to apply to their various provincial offices.

Portugal To Adhere To Strict Neutrality

Lisbon, Feb. 28 (Domei)—Ignoring America's attempts to force all neutral nations to declare war against Germany and Nippon by Mar. 1, as a prelude to the holding of the forthcoming San Francisco Conference, Portugal has decided to adhere to strict neutrality, the official "Diario da Manha," stated today.

Eurasian Women's Rally Here On Tuesday Next

Syonan, Mar. 2 (Domei)—Commemorating Chikyusetsu, the birthday of KOTAIGO HEIKA, a women's rally will be held at the Fuji Gekijo next Tuesday, Mar. 6, sponsored by the women's section of the Eurasian Welfare Association.

Miss Rene Paglar, daughter of the Eurasian community leader, will deliver an address at this rally, while other items on the program include Nippon songs, dances and displays to be presented by young children of the Eurasian community.

The rally is open to all women in this city, and admission is free.

Pres. Roosevelt Reports On Crimea Conference

Lisbon, Mar. 1 (Domei)—President Roosevelt today reported to a joint session of the American Congress on the Crimea Conference but there was little in the President's message which could be considered as an addition to Prime Minister Winston Churchill's review of the Crimea decisions in the House of Commons on Tuesday, according to a Washington dispatch.

Roosevelt stressed essentially the same points as Churchill and strongly urged the American people to support the Crimea decisions. He said that the aims of the Yalta Conference were twofold—to effect the defeat of Germany and continue to build the foundation of a world security organization.

The Crimea Conference, he said, concerned itself chiefly with political problems as compared with the Teheran Conference of over a year ago which discussed "long-range military plans."

He claimed that there was a complete unity of views among the three powers and impressed the American people that they must face the problem of policing the world.

One Raider Shot Down & 2 Damaged In Rangoon

Rangoon, Mar. 2 (Domei)—Nippon air defence units shot down one B-24 and inflicted heavy damage to two others when two formations of 30 and 40 enemy planes respectively raided this sector from 2 p.m. to 3 p.m. on Feb. 28.

Anthony Eden's Move To Heighten Lost Br. Prestige

Lisbon, Mar. 1 (Domei)—British Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden declared in the House of Commons today that the British Government has decided to convoke a preliminary meeting "in London" between representatives of the British Commonwealth prior to the holding of the forthcoming San Francisco Conference in a move believed aimed at allaying the growing feeling of fear and doubt among the British people as to Britain's real status among the world powers, according to a London dispatch.

The very fact that Eden's pronouncement evoked considerable cheering and elation among the members of the House of Commons appeared to reflect the people's feeling of relief that Britain is still in the position to convoke important conferences on her own soil.

Although Eden gave no concrete indication of what would be discussed at the proposed Commonwealth Conference, it is believed that the British Government has decided to invite dominion members in order to secure an understanding for a united front at the San Francisco Conference.

Meantime, a Reuter's correspondent reported in a dispatch that widespread disappointment and doubt prevails among the British people over the fact that important anti-Axis conferences have been held in every place in the world "but never in Britain." He said that "for weeks there have been regrets quietly voiced," and "such feelings which hitherto had been privately and reservedly expressed have found vocal outlets during the debates in both Houses" during the past three days.

Lord Vansittart, for instance, said in the House of Lords today that he regretted that the Yalta Conference had not been held in Britain, adding that historians would be puzzled when they reflected that during the whole war not one of the major conferences had been held in Britain, the correspondent said.

Reports that American President Roosevelt and Soviet Premier Josef Stalin may visit London sometime this year are being welcomed by the British people in view of the strong feeling that Britain is regarded as a "junior partner" among the Big Three so far as the choice of venue for momentous conferences is concerned, the writer said.

3 "Super Forts" Ragged In Raid Here Yesterday

As many as 54 enemy bombers of the B-29 type appeared over Syonan in several waves yesterday at 11 a.m. and dropped bombs over the Seletar area and flew away in a north-westerly direction at about 12.30 p.m.

War results so far ascertained showed that three bombers were damaged and later crashed into the Straits of Malacca.

Most of the bombs dropped in Seletar fell into the sea.

Damage on our side has been very slight.

Army Spokesman Exposes Anglo-Saxon Bestiality

(Continued fr... previous page)

Manila today and the city is nothing but a mass of ruin and wreckage, and this the Americans call it humanity and justice," declared Lt.-Col. Nakajima. It is no other than General McArthur himself who is proving beyond all doubt today that it is America who is the enemy of the Filipinos.

The inhuman treatment accorded to the American Indians was still fresh in the minds of people. The lynching of the Negroes and other inhuman acts perpetrated on the coloured peoples by the Americans would be sufficient to show that they had been treating the coloured peoples no better than animals. No less a personality than Mahatma Gandhi himself had said that the massacre the British had perpetrated in India was a shameful blot in the history of mankind, declared the Chief Spokesman.

The Anglo-American enmity and hatred towards all coloured peoples could be further shown in their indiscriminate bombing of Syonan last Saturday. Had the enemy paid due respect to the fact that it was a sacred day to the Moslems—it was the birthday of the Holy Prophet—he would not have considered it fit to drop bombs on the Moslems on a day like that—it is an unforgettable act to drop incendiary bombs on the Moslems, declared the Chief Spokesman, adding, "I do firmly believe that the indignation of the Allah will tell on the Britishers.

"As I told you last time we ought to fight on to victory with the sword in the right hand and the Koran in the left with the grim determination and with all our might to crush our arch-enemy, the Anglo-Americans", concluded the Chief Spokesman.

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